

## Simple Steps to Repayment for Dental Hygiene Graduates

These common sense steps should help you determine an effective repayment strategy as you graduate and move into your career as a dental health professional.

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### Step 1: Know what you borrowed, who services your loans, and when they come due.

1. Visit [NSLDS.ed.gov](https://www.nsls.gov) for a list of all federal loans, including direct subsidized, direct unsubsidized, and direct PLUS (Grad PLUS), regardless of their status and when you took them out.
  - a. Click on number to left of each loan for loan servicer information.
2. Check your records, with your financial aid office, or your credit report for loans not on NSLDS.
3. Most loans come due six months after graduation; check disclosure statements for other loans.

### Step 2: Determine your repayment objectives and constantly review them.

1. **Aggressive repayment** to minimize interest accrual and reduce total repayment costs.
  - a. Consider repayment plan that provides manageable payments, including income-driven repayment plans (IDRs), but work with your loan servicer to target *additional* payments against your most expensive loan.
  - b. Consider time-driven plans first (standard 10 year, extended 25 year) before looking at income plans.
2. **Cautious repayment** with an interest in minimizing payments to maximize cash flow, typical of many new graduates, especially those with a large gap between federal debt and income.
  - a. Consider an IDR for manageable payments.
3. **Maximize eligibility for Public Service Loan Forgiveness (PSLF).**
  - a. Use an income plan and, while PSLF is part of your repayment strategy, consider no aggressive payments, but review this strategy each year when you renew eligibility for these plans or whenever you have changes in income, family size, or career plans.

### Step 3: Select a repayment plan to meet your repayment objectives.

1. Use the AAMC/ADEA Dental Loan Organizer and Calculator (AAMC/ADEA DLOC) at [adea.org/DLOC](https://adea.org/DLOC) to run repayment and forgiveness estimates under all repayment plans. This great debt management resource is FREE and available for seven years.
2. Work with your loan servicer for actual repayment amounts when you select a repayment plan.
3. Use the *Repayment Estimator* at [StudentLoans.gov](https://www.studentloans.gov) to estimate *initial* payments under IDRs and to estimate impact of changes in salary, marital status, and family size on payments under income plans.

### Important Reminders

- There is no penalty for early repayment under any federal repayment plan.
- In general, you can switch repayment plans, but work closely with your loan servicer.
- Documentation is important, especially when calling your loan servicer.

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